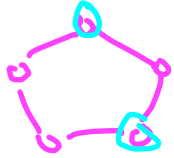


Section 22.4: Independent Set Is NP-Hard

The Independent Set Problem



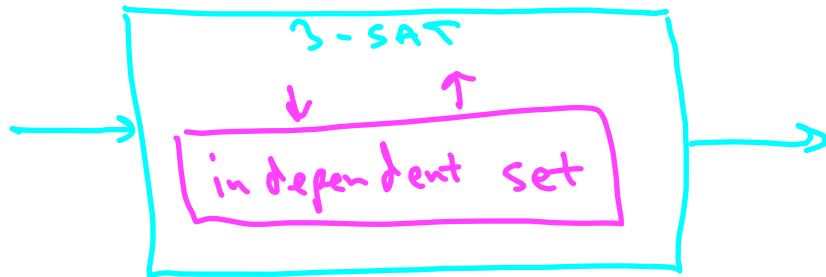
Input: undirected graph $G = (V, E)$.

Output: independent set $S \subseteq V$ of max-possible size. mutually non-adjacent vertices

Theorem: 3-SAT reduces to the independent set problem.

Corollary: independent set is an NP-hard problem.
[assuming Cook-Levin theorem]

The Plan



Note: need to translate given 3-SAT instance into an undirected graph. (?)

(should be able to extract solution to 3-SAT instance from max-size independent set)

Constraints as Assignment Requests

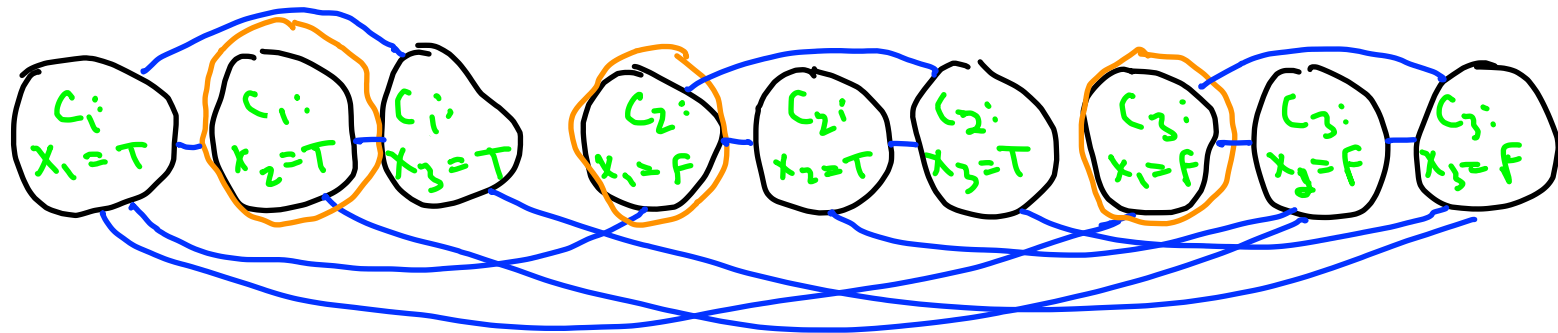
Key idea: introduce one variable per assignment request $\neg x_1 \vee x_2 \vee x_3$
request.

Example:

$$\underbrace{x_1 \vee x_2 \vee x_3}_{C_1}$$

$$\underbrace{\neg x_1 \vee x_2 \vee x_3}_{C_2}$$

$$\underbrace{\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2 \vee \neg x_3}_{C_3}$$



\Rightarrow satisfying assignments $F/T/F$ & $F/T/T$.

The Reduction

Given: instance of 3-SAT (n variables, m constraints).

Construct: graph $G = (V, E)$ where

- for $i = 1, 2, \dots, m$, $V_i =$ set of k_i vertices [$k_i = \#$ of literals in i^{th} constraint]
 - $V = V_1 \cup V_2 \cup \dots \cup V_m$
 - $E_1 =$ edge for each vertex pair in same group V_i
 - $E_2 =$ edge for each pair of conflicting vertices
- } $E = E_1 \cup E_2$

Compute: max-size independent set S of G . (using assumed subroutine)

Return: (i) if $|S| = m$, return truth assignment consistent with S (ii) if not, return "unsatisfiable"

The Reduction: Correctness Proof

- ① edges of $E_1 \Rightarrow$ an independent set has ≤ 1 vertex per group. (\Rightarrow max size $\leq m$)
- ② edges of $E_2 \Rightarrow$ exists a truth assignment consistent with each independent set.
- ③ S has size $m \Rightarrow$ one vertex per group
 \Rightarrow any consistent truth assignment satisfies every constraint



Case 1: [3-SAT instance is satisfiable] pick one satisfied assignment request per constraint \Rightarrow indep set of size m .

Case 2: [3-SAT instance is unsatisfiable] can't be any independent set of size m [if there were, could extract satisfying assignment]

Quiz

Where does the proof break down if the intragroup edges E_i are omitted from the graph G ?

- (a) An independent set of G no longer translates to a well-defined truth assignment.
- (b) A satisfiable 3-SAT instance need not translate to a graph with max-size independent set $\geq m$.
- (c) An unsatisfiable 3-SAT instance need not translate to a graph with max-size independent set $< m$.
- (d) Actually, the proof still works!